Research and Development Infrastructure

St. Thomas College Palai

"Creating ecosystem for the promotion of Innovation and Incubation"

	Department of Zoology						
Sl. No	Instrument Photograph	Name of the Instrument	Faculty in Charge	Technical	Practical purpose or		
			of the equipment	purpose	The way it can be useful to		
					the Industry or a		
					startup/entrepreneur		
1.	H. C.	Illuminated Binocular	Mathew Thomas	Observation of	Visualization and detailed		
		compound microscope		microscopic	examination of microscopic		
				specimens	samples without external		
					light source; routinely used		
					for microbiological and		
	0 =				biotechnological laboratory		
					works.		

2.	Magnus Coccess Digital Carriers Magnus Magnu	Microscopic digital camera	Mathew Thomas	Capture and display images of microscopic specimens	For documentation of research data
3.		BOD incubator	Dr. Jayesh Antony	Biological Oxygen Demand estimation	For testing the purity of water samples
4.		Laminar Air Flow	Dr. Jayesh Antony	Providing sterile condition for cell culture	Can be used for cell and tissue culture and derived products

5.		Rotary shaker	Mathew Thomas	For mixing compounds and solvents	Essential equipment for extraction of compounds from various samples
		Department	of Physics		
6.	Rigalicu Alterniscoo	X-ray diffractometer	Dr. Ginson P. Joseph	Structural analysis of materials	Structural characterization of materials

7.	To the case of the	Thermogravimetric and differential thermal analyzer	Dr. Ginson P. Joseph	Thermal analysis of samples	Thermal studies of samples
8.		Nanomaterials synthesis workstation	Dr. Ison V. Vanchipurackal	Synthesis of nanomaterials	Synthesis of variety of nanomaterials in a safe environment. The materials can be used for the fabrication of optoelectronic devices including solar cells, lasers, LEDs, etc.

9.	STATE OF THE STATE	Spin Coating unit	Dr. Ison V. Vanchipurackal	Growth of thin films for various applications	Controlled growth of thin film samples for variety applications.
10.		High temperature oven	Dr. Ison V. Vanchipurackal	Controlled heating of samples	Heating purposes of samples

11.	SEASTING STREET, STREE	High temperature furnace	Dr. Ison V. Vanchipurackal	High temperature heating of samples	Crystallization of samples using annealing
12.	REMI R-24	Centrifuge	Dr. Ison V. Vanchipurackal	Precipitation of samples	Purification of samples

	Department of Botany							
13.		Photomicrography		Taking microscopic photographs				
14.		Rotary evaporator		Removal and recovery of solvents				

15.	Tissue couture racks	Micro- propagation of plants	Tissue culture industry
16.	HPLC	Isolation of trace elements	Phytochemistry
17.	BOD Growth chamber	Tissue culture	Tissue culture industry

18.	Deep freezer	Maintaining DNA and Protein at very low temperature	DNA isolation
19.	Gel Documentation	Interpret Gel electrophoresis	DNA isolation

	Department of Vocational Education						
20.	LABLINE LINE LABORATORY OVEN	Laboratory Oven	Laboratory ovens are ovens for high-forced volume thermal convection applications	It can be useful to researchers for annealing, die-bond curing, drying, Polyimide baking, sterilizing, and other industrial laboratory functions.			
21.		Laminar Air Flow	Tissue culture	A laminar flow cabinet used in a tissue culture lab to prevent contamination of semiconductor wafers, biological samples, or any particle sensitive materials			

22.	INTERNITURE IN THE PARTY OF THE	Incubator	Maintain microbiological cultures or Cells	In the medical, pharmaceutical, and other cell culture researchers
23.		Autoclave	Sterilization of various medial and cultures.	These are widely used in hospitals, Operation Theater (OT), microbiology laboratory
24.	WATER BATH	Water Bath	To heat samples in the lab	Microbiology researchers are using this instrument for Maintaining cell lines or heating flammable chemicals that might combust if exposed to open flame

25.	CXL MOMO	Digital Microscope	Observing Specimen	Research, medicine, forensics
28.		OTG Oven	Food Processing	New food product development

Department of Chemistry

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29.	INACTION TO	Infrared Spectrometer	Dr. Sajeev Martin George & Dr. Thomas V Mathew	Infrared spectrum of a sample	To study and identify chemical substances or functional groups in solid, liquid, or gaseous forms.
30.	STEPPHENME CIN	UV-Visible Spectrophotometer.	Dr. Sajeev Martin George & Dr. Thomas V Mathew	UV- Visiblespectrum of a sample	Used in analytical chemistry for the quantitative determination of different analytes, such as transition metal ions, highly conjugatedorganic compounds, and biological macromolecules.
31.		Vacuum Rotary Evaporator	Dr. Sajeev Martin George & Dr. Thomas V Mathew	A kind of evaporation instrument	Used in chemical laboratories for the efficient and gentle removal of solvents from samples by evaporation.

32.	Ser 1/2 mark and half collection of the collecti	Muffle Furnace	Dr. Sajeev Martin George & Dr. Thomas V Mathew	Forhigh- temperature applications	Used to heat a material to significantly high temperatures while keeping it contained and fully isolated from external contaminants, chemicals or substances.
33.		Vacuum Oven	Dr. Sajeev Martin George & Dr. Thomas V Mathew	To remove moisture, gas, and other possibly volatile chemicals	Used for delicate drying processes, such as drying tiny parts or removing flammable solvents.
34.	SC Sedatority State Risk G G G G	Conductometer	Dr. Sajeev Martin George & Dr. Thomas V Mathew	To measure the electrical conductivity in a solution	Used for finding the end point accurately and errors are minimized as the end point is being determined graphically.
35.	And the second s	Potentiometer	Dr. Sajeev Martin George & Dr. Thomas V Mathew	To measure the EMF	To study the EMF (electromotive force) of a given cell, the internal resistance of a cell and also it is used to compare the EMFs of different cells.

36.	1100-9150-315-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	pH Meter	Dr. Sajeev Martin George & Dr. Thomas V Mathew	Tomeasure hydrogen-ion activity	An electric device used to measure hydrogen-ion activity (acidity or alkalinity) in solution.
37.		Polarimeter	Dr. Sajeev Martin George & Dr. Thomas V Mathew	To measure the angle of rotation	Used to measure the angle of rotation caused by passing polarized light through an optically active substance.
38.	STATE OF THE PARTY	Melting point Apparatus	Dr. Sajeev Martin George & Dr. Thomas V Mathew	To measure the melting point	Used to determine the identity of the compound based on what temperature it turns from a solid to a liquid.
39.	PHOTOCHEM	Colorimeter	Dr. Sajeev Martin George & Dr. Thomas V Mathew	To measure the transmittance and absorbance of light passing through a liquid sample.	Used to measure the absorbance of wavelengths of light at a particular frequency (color) by a sample.

	Department of Biotechnology						
40.		Gel Doc	HOD	DNA visualization	DNA Studies		
41.	oppendorf Mastercycler personal Opt Del Exit 7 8 9 Enter 4 5 6 Sol Ins Star 1 2 3 Sol Ins Star 1 2 3	PCR	HOD	DNA amplification	Various DNA based analysis		
42.	Y CONTROL CO. MICHARATOR	CO2 incubator	HOD	Cell Culture	Cell line studies		

43.	UV spectrophotometer	HOD	DNA, Protein Analysis	Molecular Studies
44.	Phase contrast microscope	HOD	Live Cell visualization	Bacteriological studies
45.	Autoclave	HOD	Sterilization	For media preparations

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47.	Laminar air flo	w– Dr. Ratheesh M	Mainly used for maintaining sterilize working environment i.e., to prevent contaminations of biological samples or any particle sensitive materials.	pathology lab, plant tissue and animal cell culture and
48.	Deep freezer (-20)	Dr. Ratheesh M	Used for storage of temperature sensitive biological samples (tissue, serum, cell supernants, lyophilised cultures), chemicals and assay kits.	
49.	Hot air oven	Dr. Ratheesh M	Used to sterile the equipments such as glassware's and other materials that are used for microbial studies.	pharmaceutical and manufacturing units, it is used for curing, annealing, drying and sterilization.

50.		Water bath (30°c-110°c)	Dr. Ratheesh M	Incubation of samples in water at constant temperature	Heating baths may be used in molecular biology and biology laboratories for the following: 1. To carry out reactions at a specific temperature, often around 30-40°C, to mimic mammalian's internal temperature conditions for optimum enzyme activity. 2. To warm-up media and parenteral solutions before injections
51.	REMIRSC	Bench top centrifuge	Dr. Ratheesh M	Used for separate or concentrate substance suspended in a liquid medium by density.	Bench top centrifuges offer versatility and convenience, and can be equipped many ways to support tissue culture, DNA/RNA research, cell harvesting, subcellular separations, and many other applications.
52.		Double distillation unit (funded by Glowderma Pvt. ltd. Mumbai)	Dr. Ratheesh M	Distiller for producing distille d water for laboratory research.	Industry and laboratory grade sterile double distilled water can be produced